

GIT & HEPATOBILIARY-II MODULE 4th Year MBBS

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Khyber Medical University (KMU) Vision:

Khyber Medical University will be the global leader in health sciences academics and research for efficient and compassionate health care.

Khyber Medical University (KMU) Mission:

Khyber Medical University aims to promote professional competence through learning and innovation for providing comprehensive quality health care to the nation.

Institute of Health Professions Education & Research (IHPER) Mission:

To produce leaders, innovators and researchers in health professions education who can apply global knowledge to resolve local issues.

Introduction to Module

Gastro-intestinal-II and Hepatobiliary-II Module is designed to provide both basic, clinical knowledge and skills to the medical students. The modules include sessions on important pathological diseases of gastrointestinal system and hepatobiliary system. The relevant clinical subjects are also taught under the shared themes with pharmacological explanation. The medical and surgical management and preventive aspect of the diseases is also addressed.

Table 1: Themes

S. No	Themes	Duration Weeks
1	Difficulty in swallowing	1
2	Pain epigastrium	1
3	Pain right upper abdomen	2
4	Diarrhea and constipation	3
5	Bleeding Per Rectum	1

Teaching Hours Allocation

Table 2: Total hours distribution of each subject

S. No	Subject	Hours
1	Pathology	49
2	Pharmacology	20
3	Forensic medicine	22
4	Community medicine	23
5	Medicine	13
6	Surgery	14
7	Pediatrics	4
8	Family medicine	3
9	Anatomy	1
10	PRIME	1
11	Research*	16**
	Total hours	153

General Learning Objectives

By the end of GIT-II Module, 4th year MBBS students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, clinical features, laboratory diagnosis, medical and surgical management of diseases of GIT & hepatobiliary system.
- 2. Interpret the liver function tests in different hepatic diseases.
- 3. Describe the basic and clinical pharmacology of drugs used in GIT & hepatobiliary diseases.
- 4. Write prescriptions for common GIT & hepatobiliary disorders.
- 5. Describe medico legal aspects of abdominal trauma.
- 6. Describe medico legal aspects of vegetable acid, corrosive and irritants poisoning.
- 7. Describe the epidemiology and prevention of malnutrition and viral hepatitis.
- 8. Analyze demographic processes in context of public health care.

Specific Learning Objectives

Table 3: Theme wise learning objectives

	Theme-1 (Difficulty in swallowing)				
Subject	Topic	Hours	S#	Learning objective	
Pathology	Salivary Gland (Inflammation and tumors)	1	1	Classify the inflammatory and neoplastic diseases of salivary gland.	
			2	Describe the etiology, morphology and clinical presentation of inflammatory and neoplastic diseases of salivary gland.	
	Esophagus	2	3	Classify esophagitis.	
			4	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, morphology, clinical presentation and complications of esophagitis	
			5	Classify esophageal tumors.	
			6	Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, clinical presentation, diagnosis and complications of esophageal tumors	
Medicine	Oral Cavity Diseases	1	7	Discuss the etiology of stomatitis and Aphthous ulcers	

		9	Discuss the clinical features of stomatitis and Aphthous ulcers Discuss the investigations of stomatitis and Aphthous ulcers Devise a management plan for stomatitis and Aphthous ulcers
Esophagus: 1) Esophageal	motility 1	11	Discuss the causes of esophageal motility disorders
disorders		12	Discuss the clinical features of esophageal motility disorders
		13	Discuss the relevant investigations of esophageal motility disorders
		14	Devise a management plan of esophageal motility disorders
2) Esophagitis	1	15	Discuss the etiology of esophagitis
		16	Discuss the clinical features of esophagitis
		17	Discuss the appropriate diagnostic testing for esophagitis
		18	Devise a management plan for esophagitis
3) Cardia acha	alasia 1	19	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations and management of Cardia achalasia

	4) Gastro Esophageal reflux disease (GERD)		20	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, clinical features, investigations, complications and management of GERD
ENT	Cleft lip and palate	1	21	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations, complications and management of cleft lip and palate
	Pharyngitis and Tonsillitis	1	22	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations, complications and management of Pharyngitis and acute Tonsillitis
			23	Explain the clinical features, and management of peritonsillar abscess
			24	Discuss the classification, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and management of Chronic Tonsillitis
	Oropharyngeal cancer	1	25	Discuss the classification, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and management of oropharyngeal cancers
	Salivary glands	1	26	Classify diseases of the salivary glands
			27	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations and management of Mumps, and Sialadenitis

	Dysphagia	1	28	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations and management of salivary ducts stones Explain the types, etiology, clinical features,
				investigations and management of a patient with dysphagia
Surgery	Tumors of the esophagus	1	30	Discuss the classification, etiology, clinical features, investigations, staging and management of Esophageal cancers
	Para-esophageal hiatus hernia		31	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations and management of Paraesophageal hiatus hernia
PRIME/Medical Education	Social accountability	1	32	Explain the concept of social accountability
			33	Differentiate between different social accountability issues

	Them	ne-2 (Ep	oigast	ric pain)
Pathology	Gastritis	1	34	Explain the types, etiology, microscopic morphology and clinical features of Gastritis
	Peptic ulcers	2	35	Discuss the etiology, pathophysiology, morphology, complications and lab. diagnosis of peptic ulcer disease
		36	Discuss the role of H.Pylori & campylobacter in the causation of Peptic ulcer disease	
			37	Discuss the morphology, virulence factors and lab diagnosis of H. Pylori & campylobacter
	Gastric polyps and tumors	1	38	Classify gastric polyps and tumors
			39	Describe the pathogenesis, morphology, lab diagnosis and complications of gastric polyps and tumors.
Medicine	Gastritis	1	40	Explain the types, etiology, clinical features, investigations, management and complications of Gastritis
	Peptic ulcer disease	2	41	Explain the types, etiology, clinical features, investigations, management and complications of Gastritis

			42	Describe H.pylori eradication therapy protocols in the treatment of peptic ulcer disease	
	Upper GI Bleeding	1	43	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations and management of a patient with upper GI bleeding	
			44	Describe the indications and procedures of pharmacological and endoscopic treatment of variceal bleeding	
Pharmacology	Anti-emetics	2	45	Classify anti-emetic drugs	
		46	Describe the mechanism of serotonin antagonists as anti-emetic agents.		
			47	47	Enlist the clinical uses (anti-emetic) and adverse effects of serotonin antagonists.
			·	Describe the pharmacological basis of serotonin antagonists in chemotherapy induced vomiting	
			49	Describe the mechanism of H1-antagonists as anti-emetic agents.	
			50	Enlist the clinical uses (anti-emetic) of H1-antagonists.	
			51	Describe the mechanism of anticholinergic drugs as anti-emetic agents.	

	52	Enlist the clinical uses (anti-emetic) of anticholinergic drugs.
	53	Describe the pharmacological basis of scopolamine in motion sickness
	54	Describe the anti-emetic mechanism of D2- receptor blockers (Metoclopramide &
		Domperidone).
	55	Enlist the clinical uses (anti-emetic) and adverse effects of D2-receptor blockers.
	56	Compare the pharmacological features of metoclopramide & Domperidone.
	57	Describe the drug interaction of metoclopramide with levodopa.
	58	Describe the mechanism of neuroleptics as anti- emetic agent.
	59	Enumerate the clinical uses (anti-emetic) of neuroleptic drugs.
	60	Describe the antiemetic mechanism of benzodiazepines.
	61	Describe the antiemetic mechanism of glucocorticoids.

		62	Enumerate the indications (anti-emetic) of glucocorticoids.
		63	List anti-emetic drugs used in morning sickness.
		64	List anti-emetic drugs used in chemotherapy
			induced vomiting.
Drugs used in the treatment		65	Enlist the drugs used in variceal hemorrhage
of variceal bleeding		66	Describe the mechanism of somatostatin and
			octreotide in variceal hemorrhage
		67	Describe the mechanism of Vasopressin &
			Terlipressin in variceal hemorrhage
		68	Describe the mechanism of beta-blockers in
			variceal hemorrhage
Drugs used in the treatment	2	69	Classify the drugs used in Peptic ulcer disease
of Peptic ulcer disease and		70	Describe the mechanism of action, indications and
Gastritis			adverse effects of proton pump inhibitors (PPIs).
		71	Describe the pharmacokinetics of PPIs with
			special emphasis on time of administration
		72	Describe the drug interaction of Omeprazole & H2
			blockers with Sucralfate
		73	Describe the drug interaction of Omeprazole with
			Clopidogrel

	74	Describe the mechanism of action, indications and adverse effects of H-2 blockers.
	75	Compare/differentiate H2-blockers in terms of bioavailability and involvement in drug interactions
	76	Describe the mechanism of action, indications and adverse effects of Antacids.
	77	Enumerate the properties of an ideal antacid.
	78	Describe the pharmacokinetics of antacids with special emphasis on time of administration
	79	Describe the drug interactions of antacids with tetracyclines, iron and fluroquinolones.
	80	Describe the mechanism of sucralfate in the treatment of peptic ulcer
	81	List the indicationsof sucralfate.
	82	Discuss the drug interaction of sucralfate with digoxin, ketoconazole and tetracyclines.
	83	Describe the pharmacokinetics of sucralfate with special emphasis on time of administration.
	84	Describe the mechanism, indications and adverse effects of bismuth compounds.

			85	Describe the role of anticholinergic drugs in
				peptic ulcer.
			86	List the indications (anti-peptic ulcer) of
				anticholinergic drugs.
			87	Discuss the pharmacological basis for the use of
				prostaglandin analogues (Misoprostol) in the
				treatment of peptic ulcer.
			88	List the contraindications of misoprostol.
			89	Describe triple therapy for the eradication of
				H.pylori infection.
			90	Describe quadruple therapy for the eradication of
				H.pylori infection
Forensic	Common house-hold poisons	1	91	Enlist, domestic, medicinal and garden poisons
medicine				commonly used
	Corrosives/ Mineral acids		92	Enlist different commonly used mineral acids
			93	Enumerate physical appearance and uses of
				Sulphuric acid
			94	Describe mechanism of action, fatal dose & period
				of Sulphuric acid
			95	Describe clinical features and treatment of
				Sulphuric acid burns

		101	
		96	Describe postmortem appearance and forensic
			importance of Sulphuric acid burns
		97	Enumerate physical appearance and uses of nitric
			acid
		98	Describe mechanism of action and fatal dose &
			period of nitric acid
		99	Describe clinical features and postmortem
			appearance of nitric acid burns
		100	Enumerate physical appearance and uses of
			hydrochloric acid
		101	Describe clinical features and postmortem
			appearance of hydrochloric acid burns
Corrosives/ Alkali	1	102	Enlist different commonly used alkali
		103	Enumerate physical appearance and uses of alkali
		104	Describe mechanism of action, clinical features
			and treatment of alkali burns
		105	Describe postmortem appearance and forensic
			importance of alkali burns
	1	106	Enlist different commonly used organic acids
Corrosive/ organic acid		107	Enumerate physical appearance and uses of
			carbolic acid
			I

08 Describe mechanism of action, fatal dose & period
of carbolic acid
09 Describe clinical features and treatment of
carbolic acid poisoning
10 Describe postmortem appearance and forensic
importance of carbolic acid poisoning
11 Enumerate physical appearance and uses of oxalic
acid
12 Describe mechanism of action, fatal dose & period
of oxalic acid
13 Describe clinical features and treatment of oxalic
acid poisoning
14 Describe postmortem appearance and forensic
importance of oxalic acid poisoning
15 Enumerate physical appearance, sources and uses
of cyanides
16 Describe mechanism of action, fatal dose & period
of cyanides
17 Describe clinical features and treatment of
cyanide poisoning
18 Describe postmortem appearance and forensic
importance of cyanide acid poisoning

Surgery	Gastric cancer	1	119	Describe the types, etiology, risk factors, lab
				diagnosis and management of a patient with
				gastric cancer
	Gastric outlet obstruction	1	120	Describe the etiology, diagnosis and management
				of a patient with gastric outlet obstruction
Community	Health system of Pakistan:	2	121	Describe health care system of Pakistan using
medicine and	Introduction			WHO Health system frame work
public health	Primary health care (PHC)		122	Define PHC
			123	Describe the history of development of PHC
			124	Describe the concepts and components of PHC
			125	Describe comprehensive & selective PHC
			126	Describe reasons for failure of PHC
			127	Describe Health Systems before & after PHC
			128	Describe district health care system
			129	Enumerate indicators for assessing PHC
	Health education	3	130	Define health education
			131	Describe objectives and functions of health
				education
			132	Describe the components of health education
			133	Describe the methods of health education

		134	Describe the communication channel in health education
		425	
		135	Describe the constraints in health education
		136	Describe classification of theories of health
			education
		137	Describe the stages in health education
		138	Describe the principles of health education
		139	Describe the strategies for an effective health
			education program
		140	Explain the methods of evaluation and
			effectiveness of a health education project
Health management	-	141	Define concept of HMIS
information system (HMIS)		142	Enumerate the components of HMIS
		143	Describe its importance in health care delivery
			system
		144	Enumerate the principles of HMIS
		145	Give the causes of failure of HMIS
Hospital administration	1	146	Define health care delivery system
		147	Describe the need of a specialized hospital
			administration
		148	Describe the attributes of a good hospital
			administrator

		149	Describe functions involved in hospital administration
		150	Describe the levels of hospitals and management levels in a hospital
Health plans - Longitudinal,	1	151	Describe different health plans
horizontal, integrated, 5		152	Describe characteristics of health plans
year, ADP, SAP, Short term,			
long term			
Health plans - MDGs	1	153	Enumerate MDGS
		154	Describe targets & indicators of various health
			related MDGs
		155	Describe reasons for failure to achieve MDGS
Health plans - SDGs	1	156	Enumerate SDGs related to health
		157	Describe targets & indicators of various health
			related SDGs
		158	Describe Pakistan progress on set targets
Health planning	1	159	Define health planning
		160	Describe importance & use of planning in health
		161	Explain the reasons for ineffective health
			planning in Pakistan
		162	Describe health planning cycle
		163	Describe the types of health planning

	Health economics	1	164	Define Health economics
			165	Explain the importance of economic studies in health
			166	Describe different tools used in economic evaluations
	Health policy	1	167	Define health policy
			168	Describe its role in health system
			169	Describe different stages in policy making
			170	Describe the different types of policies
			171	Describe the constraints in policy making
			172	Describe health policy of Pakistan.
	Role of international health	1	173	Enumerate international health agencies working in health sector.
	agencies in public health		174	Discuss structure and function of WHO & UNICEF
			175	Explain the roles of WHO & UNICEF in Pakistan.
	Theme-3 (P	ain rig	ht upp	per abdomen)
Anatomy	Gross anatomy	1	176	Explain the lobes and segments of the liver
			177	Discuss the gross structure of gall bladder and
				biliary channels
			178	Explain the gross and microscopic structure of the
				pancreas
	Liver histology	1	179	Explain the microscopic structure of the liver and
				gall bladder

Pathology	Liver Function Tests	1	180	Enumerate the functions of the liver.
				Explain the significance of different liver function
				tests.
				Interpret the Liver function tests in different
				diseases.
	Mechanisms of liver injury	1	181	Describe the etiology and morphology of liver
	and repair			injury and repair
	Acute Liver failure	•	182	Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical and
				biochemical and other features of acute liver
				failure
	Chronic Liver disease and	1	183	Describe the etiology,
	liver cirrhosis			pathogenesis, clinical and biochemical and other
				features of chronic liver disease
			184	Explain the complications of liver cirrhosis
	Portal hypertension		185	Describe the etiology,
				pathogenesis, clinical features and complication
				of portal hypertension
	Viral hepatitis A and E	1	186	Explain the Etiology, pathogenesis, morphology
				and clinical features of Acute viral hepatitis A and
				E infection

Viral hepatitis B	2	187	Explain the Etiology, risk factors, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of Acute viral hepatitis B infection
		188	Explain the pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of Chronic viral hepatitis B infection
		189	Discuss the stages of viral hepatitis B infections
		190	Discuss the complications of chronic Hepatitis B virus infection
		191	Discuss the serological markers of hepatitis B Virus infection
		192	Explain the preventive strategies of Hepatitis B virus infection
Viral Hepatitis C	1	193	Explain the Etiology, risk factors, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of viral hepatitis C infection
		194	Discuss the complications of chronic Hepatitis C virus infection
Autoimmune hepatitis	1	195	Define autoimmune hepatitis
		196	Explain the serological and morphological features of autoimmune hepatitis
Toxin and Drug induced hepatitis		197	Explain the etiology and morphological features of toxins and drug induced hepatitis

Alcoholic liver disease	1	198	Discuss the morphology, pathogenesis and complications of Alcoholic liver disease
Metabolic liver diseases • Non-Alcoholic liver disease (NAFLD) • Hemochromatosis	1	199	Describe the morphology, clinical features and complications of NAFLD, Hemochromatosis, Wilson`s disease and Alpha-1 Anti-Trypsin deficiency
Wilson`s diseaseAlpha-1 antitrypsin		200	Describe the etiology, morphology, clinical features and complications of Hemochromatosis
deficiency		201	Describe the etiology, morphology, clinical features and complications of Wilson's disease
		202	Describe the etiology, morphology, clinical features and complication of Alpha-1 Anti-Trypsin deficiency
Liver abscess	1	203	Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, clinical presentation, complications and lab diagnosis of Liver abscess
Tumors of the liver	1	204	Classify liver tumors
		205	Explain the benign tumors of the liver Discuss the risk factors, etiology, morphology, clinical features, staging and complications of hepatocellular carcinoma

Gall bladder	1	207	Discuss the types, risk factors, etiology,
Gall stones			morphology, clinical features and complications
			of gall stones
• Cholecystitis	_	208	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, morphology,
			clinical features and complications of acute
			cholecystitis
		209	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, morphology,
			clinical features and complications of Chronic
			cholecystitis
Gall bladder cancer	1	210	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, morphology,
			clinical features, staging and complications of
			carcinoma gall bladder
Pancreas	2	211	Enlist and define the congenital anomalies of
			pancreas
		212	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, morphology,
			clinical features and complications of acute
			pancreatitis
		213	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, morphology,
			clinical features and complications of chronic
			pancreatitis
		214	Describe the pathogenesis and complications of
			pancreatic pseudocyst

			215	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, morphology, clinical features, staging and complications of carcinoma of pancreas
Pediatrics	Hereditary	1	216	Classify hereditary hyperbilirubinemias
	hyperbilirubinemias		217	Explain the types, clinical features, investigations and management of different hereditary hyperbilirubinemias
	Acute hepatitis A	1	218	Explain the Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations and treatment of Acute viral hepatitis A infection
Medicine	Hepatitis B virus infection	1	219	Explain the Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations and treatment of Acute viral hepatitis B infection
			220	Explain the Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations and treatment of chronic viral hepatitis B infection
	Hepatitis C virus infection	1	221	Explain the Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations and treatment of chronic viral hepatitis C infection
			222	Explain the clinical features, investigations, management and complications of liver cirrhosis

			223	Explain the treatment of a patient with hepatic encephalopathy
	Metabolic liver diseases	1	224	Discuss the management of a patient with Wilson's disease
			225	Discuss the management of a patient with Hemochromatosis
			226	Discuss the management of a patient with primary biliary cirrhosis
			227	Discuss the management of a patient with autoimmune hepatitis
	Hepatic vein obstruction		228	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations and management of a patient with hepatic vein obstruction
	Hepatocellular carcinoma	1	229	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, treatment and complications of hepatocellular carcinoma
	Carcinoma of the pancreas		230	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, clinical features, staging and complications of carcinoma of pancreas
Surgery	Gall bladder and pancreas	2	231	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, treatment and complications of gall stones

			232	Explain the etiology, clinical features,
				investigations, treatment and complications of
				acute and chronic cholecystitis
			233	Explain the etiology, clinical features,
				investigations, treatment and complications of
				acute and chronic pancreatitis
	Carcinoma of the gall bladder	-	234	Discuss the risk factors, etiology, clinical
				features, staging and complications of carcinoma
				of gall bladder
	Liver abscess	1	235	Explain the etiology, clinical features,
				investigations, treatment and complications of
				liver abscesses
	Hydatid liver cysts	-	236	Explain the etiology, clinical features,
				investigations, treatment, and complications of Hydatid liver cysts.
Pharmacology	Hepatotoxic drugs	1	237	Describe first pass hepatic metabolism
			238	Enlist common hepatotoxic drugs
			239	Explain the drug treatment of paracetamol poisoning.
	Drugs used in the treatment	1	240	Classify the drugs for hepatitis B virus infection.
	of hepatitis B		241	Describe the duration and adverse effects of drugs
				used in the treatment of chronic hepatitis B.
		1	242	Classify the drugs for hepatitis C virus infection.

	Drugs used in the treatment		243	Describe the duration and adverse effects of drugs
	of hepatitis C			used in the treatment of chronic hepatitis C.
Community	Viral Hepatitis	1	244	Describe the epidemiological determinants of
medicine				Hepatitis B & C.
			245	Describe the prevalence and incidence with
				reference to local context.
			246	Describe the preventive & control measures for
				Hepatitis B & C.
Family Medicine	Acute and chronic hepatitis	1	247	Explain the etiology and clinical features of acute
				hepatitis.
			248	Explain the management strategies of acute
				hepatitis in family practice.
			249	Explain the etiology, clinical features and
				complications of Chronic hepatitis.
			250	Explain the management strategies of chronic
				hepatitis in family practice.
			251	Describe the red flags in a patient with acute and
				chronic hepatitis for referral to specialty care.

	Theme-4:	(Diarrh	nea and	l Constipation)
Pathology	Intestinal obstruction	1	252	Define hernia, adhesions, volvulus, and
				intussusception
	Ischemic bowel disease		253	Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology,
				and complications of small bowel ischemia
	Diarrheas	1	254	Define malabsorption syndrome
			255	Classify diarrheas
			256	Explain the etiology, morphology, clinical
				features and complications of Celiac disease
	Bacterial enterocolitis	2	257	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, and clinical
				features of bacterial enterocolitis
			258	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology
				and clinical features of Salmonellosis
	Parasitic enterocolitis	1	259	Classify the parasites invading the small gut
	Entamoeba histolytica	1	260	Discuss the life cycle, morphology, pathogenesis,
				clinical features and complications of Amebiasis
	Giardia lamblia	1	261	Discuss the life cycle, morphology, pathogenesis,
				clinical features and complications of Giardiasis
	Hymenolepis nana	4	262	Discuss the life cycle, morphology, pathogenesis,
				clinical features and complications of H. nana
				infestation

	Diphyllobothrium latum		263	Discuss the life cycle, morphology, pathogenesis, clinical features and complications of Diphyllobothrium latum
	Schistosoma hematobium, mansoni and japonicum		264	Enlist physical characteristics of Trematodes
			265	Classify Schistosoma on the basis of organ systems affected
			266	Describe the routes of infection, pathophysiology life cycle, clinical features and lab diagnosis of Schistosoma hematobium, mansoni and japoncum
			267	Compare the morphological characteristics of eggs of different species of Schistosoma.
	Ascaris lumbricoides	4	268	Discuss the life cycle, morphology, pathogenesis, clinical features and complications of Ascaris lumbricoides
	Strongyloides		269	Discuss the life cycle, morphology, pathogenesis, clinical features and complications of Strongyloides
	Ankylostoma duodenale		270	Discuss the life cycle, morphology, pathogenesis, clinical features and complications of Ankylostoma duodenale

	Enterobius vermicularis		271	Discuss the life cycle, morphology, pathogenesis, clinical features and complications of Enterobius vermicularis
Medicine	Intestinal tuberculosis	1	272	Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations, treatment and complications of intestinal tuberculosis
Surgery	Acute appendicitis	1	273	Discuss the etiology, risk factors, pathogenesis, clinical features, differential diagnosis, investigations, treatment and complications of acute appendicitis
	Intestinal obstruction	1	274	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations, management and complications of intestinal obstruction
Pharmacology	Antidiarrheal agents	1	275	Define and classify antidiarrheal agents
	(Opioids, Colloidal bismuth compounds, Kaolin & Pectin, etc		276	Describe the mechanism of action of different antidiarrheal agents
	Laxatives (Bulk-forming,	1	277	Define and classify laxative drugs
	stool softners, osmotic laxatives, stimulant laxatives, etc.		278	Describe the mechanism of action of different laxatives

Anti-amoebic drugs 1	Lactulose		279	Describe the pharmacological basis of Lactulose in
281 Describe mechanism of actions of Metronidazole & Dialoxanide Furoate 282 Enlist indications and adverse effect of Metronidazole & Dialoxanide Furoate. 283 Describe the drug interaction of Metronidazole with Alcohol. Anthelmintics 1 284 Classify Anti-Helminthic drugs 285 Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide				the treatment of hepatic encephalopathy
& Dialoxanide Furoate 282 Enlist indications and adverse effect of Metronidazole & Dialoxanide Furoate. 283 Describe the drug interaction of Metronidazole with Alcohol. Anthelmintics 1 284 Classify Anti-Helminthic drugs Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide	Anti-amoebic drugs	1	280	Classify anti-amoebic drugs
282 Enlist indications and adverse effect of Metronidazole & Dialoxanide Furoate. 283 Describe the drug interaction of Metronidazole with Alcohol. Anthelmintics 1 284 Classify Anti-Helminthic drugs 285 Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide			281	Describe mechanism of actions of Metronidazole
Metronidazole & Dialoxanide Furoate. 283 Describe the drug interaction of Metronidazole with Alcohol. Anthelmintics 1 284 Classify Anti-Helminthic drugs Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide				& Dialoxanide Furoate
Describe the drug interaction of Metronidazole with Alcohol. Anthelmintics 1 284 Classify Anti-Helminthic drugs Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide			282	Enlist indications and adverse effect of
with Alcohol. Anthelmintics 1 284 Classify Anti-Helminthic drugs Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide				Metronidazole & Dialoxanide Furoate.
Anthelmintics 1 284 Classify Anti-Helminthic drugs 285 Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide			283	Describe the drug interaction of Metronidazole
285 Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide				with Alcohol.
contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide	Anthelmintics	1	284	Classify Anti-Helminthic drugs
Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide			285	Enumerate clinical use(s), adverse effects and
Niclosamide 286 Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide				contraindications of Albendazole, Mebendazole,
Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole, Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide				Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel &
Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin, Praziquantel & Niclosamide				Niclosamide
Praziquantel & Niclosamide			286	Describe mechanism of action of Albendazole,
				Mebendazole, Pyrantal Pamoate, Ivermectin,
Anti-Salmonellosis drugs 1 287 List the drugs used in enteric fever				Praziquantel & Niclosamide
	Anti-Salmonellosis drugs	1	287	List the drugs used in enteric fever
288 Describe the basis for selection of antibiotics in			288	Describe the basis for selection of antibiotics in
enteric fever based on age, pregnancy and				enteric fever based on age, pregnancy and
resistance				resistance

			289	Describe the clinical applications of
				fluroquinolones in the treatment of
				gastrointestinal disorders
Forensic	Irritants	3	290	Classify irritants poisons
medicine	Irritants:	_	291	Enlist common metallic irritant poisons
	Metallic poisons		292	Describe physical appearance, uses, mechanism,
				fatal dose, fatal period and signs and symptoms of
				Copper and Mercury poisons
			293	Describe the treatment, postmortem appearance
				and medicolegal importance of common Copper
				and Mercury poisons
			294	Describe the signs and symptoms, treatment,
				postmortem appearance and medicolegal
				importance of acute and chronic Arsenic
				poisoning
			295	Describe the signs and symptoms, treatment,
				postmortem appearance and medicolegal
				importance of acute and chronic Lead poisoning
	Irritants /mechanical	1	296	Enlist commonly encountered mechanical poisons
	poisons/ powder glass		297	Enumerate symptoms and signs, treatment,
				postmortem appearance and forensic importance
				of powder glass

	Irritants/ nonmetallic poisons	4	298	Enlist commonly encountered inorganic elements poisoning
			299	Enumerate physical appearance and uses of phosphorus
			Describe mechanism of action, fatal dose & period of phosphorus	
			301	Describe clinical features and treatment of phosphorus poisoning
			302	Describe postmortem appearance and forensic importance of phosphorus poisoning
			303	Describe physical appearance, uses, mechanism of action, clinical features, treatment, postmortem appearance and forensic importance of aluminum phosphide
			304	Describe physical appearance, uses, mechanism of action, clinical features, treatment, postmortem appearance and forensic importance of chlorine
			305	Describe physical appearance, uses, mechanism of action, clinical features, treatment, postmortem appearance and forensic importance of iodine

	Irritants/ vegetable poisons	2	306	Enlist commonly encountered inorganic elements poisoning.
			307	Describe characteristics, active principles, and clinical features of vegetable poisons.
			308	Enumerate uses, fatal dose and fatal periods of vegetable poisons.
			309	Describe treatment, postmortem appearance, and forensic importance of vegetable poisons.
	Irritants/ animal poisons	2	310	Differentiate between poisonous and non- poisonous snakes
			311	Classify snakes on the basis of their venom.
			312	Describe the characteristics of snake venoms
			313	Classify different snakes venoms
			314	Describe steps of management of snake bite
			315	Describe post mortem appearance and medico
				legal aspects of venomous snake bite
			316	Describe sign and symptoms of scorpion bite
Community	Overview of common	1	317	Describe the common intestinal worm infestation
medicine	intestinal worms' infestation			in our local context
	and their control		318	Describe the epidemiological determinants of common worm infestation with reference to local context

			319	Describe the preventive & control measures for common worm infestation
	Control of dysentery	1	320	Describe the epidemiology of Dysentery.
		321	Describe the prevention & control measures of	
				Dysentery.
	Food hygiene	1	322	Describe the term food Hygiene
			323	Describe the importance of food hygiene
			324	Describe the process of Food hygiene
Family medicine	Enteric infections	1	325	Classify enteric infections
		326	Describe the etiology, clinical features,	
				investigations and management of Salmonellosis
			327	Describe the red flags in a patient with Salmonella
				infections for referral to specialty care.
		1	328	Explain the etiology, and management of acute
				gastroenteritis.
			329	Discuss the primary and secondary prevention of
				acute gastroenteritis in a primary healthcare
				setting.
			330	Describe the red-flags in a patient with acute
				gastroenteritis for referral to specialty care.

Pediatrics	Lactase deficiency	1	331	Describe the clinical features, investigations, complications, and management of Lactase deficiency.
	Infectious diarrhea		332	Describe the etiology, clinical features, investigations, complications, and management of infectious diarrheas in children.
	Celiac disease	1	333	Describe the etiology, clinical features, investigations, complications, and management of Celiac disease.
	Theme- 5	(Bleed	ding p	er Rectum)
Pathology	Inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)	2	334 335 336 337 338	Classify IBD Discuss the risk factors and etiology of IBDs Explain the pathogenesis clinical presentation of IBD Differentiate between Ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease Discuss the investigations and management of IBDs Explain the intestinal and extra-intestinal manifestations/complications of IBDs

			340	Explain the role of surveillance colonoscopy in patients with Ulcerative colitis
	Diverticular disease	1	341	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of Colonic diverticulosis
	Colonic polyps	1	342	Classify colonic polyps.
			343	Describe the pathogenesis, morphology, clinical presentation, complications and diagnosis of different types of colonic polyps
	Hemorrhoids		344	Define hemorrhoids
			345	Explain the morphology, pathogenesis and clinical features of Hemorrhoids
	Colorectal carcinoma	1	346	Describe the adenoma carcinoma sequence
			347	Describe the pathogenesis, morphology, clinical presentation, complications and staging of colorectal Carcinoma
Surgery	Ulcerative colitis	1	348	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, complications and surgical management of Ulcerative colitis
	Crohn`s disease	1	349	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, complications and surgical management of Crohn`s disease

	Diverticular disease	1	350	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, complications and management of Diverticulosis and Diverticulitis
	Anal diseases:	1	351	Define perianal fistula and anal fissure
	• fistula		352	Explain the risk factors and management of anal
	fissures			fistula and anal fissures
	 hemorrhoids 		353	Explain the risk factors and management of hemorrhoids
	Colorectal cancers	1	354	Classify colorectal cancers
	Cotorectat cancers	'	356	, ,
				Describe the staging of colorectal cancers
			357	Explain the pathogenesis, risk factors and clinical features of colorectal cancers
			358	Explain the complications, management and prognosis of colorectal cancers
	Ischemic Colitis	1	359	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, complications and management of Ischemic colitis
Medicine	Irritable bowel syndrome	1	360	Explain the risk factors, clinical features, and management of Irritable bowel syndrome
	Ulcerative colitis	1	361	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, complications and surgical management of Crohn`s disease

	Crohn`s disease	1	362	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, complications and management of Crohn's disease
	Ano-rectal infections	1	363	Classify anorectal infections
			364	Explain the risk factors, clinical features and management of anorectal infections including sexually transmitted infections
Pharmacology	Drugs used in the treatment	1	365	Enlist the drugs used in IBS
	of Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS)		366	Describe the mechanism of action of antispasmodics (anticholinergics), 5-HT receptor antagonisms (Alosetron) in IBS
	Drugs used in the treatment	2	367	Classify the drugs used in IBD
	of IBD		360	Describe the mechanism of actions of aminosalicylates, glucocorticoids, purine analogues, methotrexate, monoclonal antibodies and anti-integrin in IBDs
			369	Explain the adverse effects of drugs used in the treatment of IBD
Forensic	Abdominal injuries	1	370	Describe injuries to abdominal wall
medicine	medicine		371	Describe injuries to esophagus, intestine and stomach
			372	Describe injuries to liver and spleen

		Practi	cal wo	ork
Pathology	Ascaris Lumbricoides	6	373	Identify the important morphological and staining characteristics of the ova
	Enterobius vermicularis		374	Identify the important morphological and staining characteristics of the ova
	Ankylostoma duodenale		375	Identify the important morphological and staining characteristics of the ova
	Liver Function Tests		376	To interpret normal and abnormal liver function tests in different clinical scenarios
Pharmacology	Peptic ulcer disease	5	377	construct prescription for Helicobacter- associated peptic ulcer disease (Triple therapy & Quadruple therapy)
Anti-emetics	Anti-emetics		378	construct prescriptions for motion sickness, morning sickness, post-operative patient
			379	construct prescriptions for cancer chemotherapy- induced vomiting
			380	construct a prescription for a patient suffering from amoebic dysentery
	Enteric fever		381	construct a prescription for a patient suffering from Enteric fever
			382	Write a prescription for a patient suffering from Ascariasis

Forensic	Poisons	5	383	Identify corrosives
medicine	Corosives		384	Case presentation of vitriolage
	Irritants		385	identify common irritant poisons
	Metallic poisons		386	identify common Metallic and non-metallic
				poisons
	Vegetable and animal poisons		387	identify common Vegetable and animal poisons
Community	Protein calorie malnutrition	1.5	388	Identify the model
medicine			389	Differentiate between the clinical features of 2
				models
			390	Justify its public health importance
			391	Signify the concept of food fortification and food
				adulteration
	My food plate/ The pyramid	1.5	392	Identify the model
			393	Describe different components of the model
	Health education	1.5	394	identify a health education message on the
				problem/scenario provided
			395	Formulate a health education message on the
				problem/scenario provided
	House fly /arthropods	1.5	396	Identify the model
			397	Explain the disease caused by this vector and its
				control

Aedes Egypti	1.5	398	Identify the model
		399	Explain the disease caused by this vector and its
			control
Autoclave	1.5	400	Identify the model
		401	Explain the types of items for which autoclaves
			are used
		402	Explain the steps of instruments sterilization

Learning Resources

Table 4: Reference Textbooks

S#	Subjects	Resources
1.	Anatomy	A. Gross Anatomy
		1. K.L. Moore, Clinically Oriented Anatomy
		B. Embryology
		1. KeithL. Moore. The Developing Human
		2. Langman's Medical Embryology
2.	Community Medicine	1. Community Medicine by Parikh
		2. Community Medicine by M Ilyas
		3. Basic Statistics for the Health Sciences by Jan W Kuzma
3.	OBGYN	1. Obstetrics by Ten Teachers, Louise C. Kenny, Jenny E. Myers
		2. Gynaecology by Ten Teachers, Louise Kenny, Helen Bickerstaff
		3. Hacker & Moore's Essentials of Obstetrics and Gynecology
		4. Textbook of Gynecology, Rashid Latif Khan
		5. Fundamentals of Gynaecology, Dr Arshad Chohan
4.	Pathology	1. Robbins & Cotran, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th edition.
		2. Rapid Review Pathology,4 th edition by Edward F. Goljan MD
5.	Physiology	1. Textbook Of Medical Physiology by Guyton And Hall
		2. Ganong's Review of Medical Physiology
		3. Human Physiology by Lauralee Sherwood
		4. Berne & Levy Physiology
		5. Best & Taylor Physiological Basis of Medical Practice
6.	Paeds	Basis of Pediatrics (8th Edition Pervez Akbar)

Assessment Plan - 4th Year MBBS

The year-4 will be assessed in 4 blocks

- 1) Block-1 (Neurosciences-2 module) will be assessed in paper-J
- 2) Block-2 (GIT and hepatobiliary module) will be assessed in paper-K
- 3) Block-3 (Renal-2, Endocrine & Reproduction-2 module) will be assessed in paper-L
- 4) Block-4 (ENT and EYE modules) will be assessed in paper-M
- 5) Each written paper consists of 120 MCQs.
- 6) Internal assessment will be added to final marks in KMU as shown in below table.
- 7) In OSPE, each station will be allotted 6 marks, and a total of 120 (+10% marks of internal assessment) marks are allocated for each OSPE/OSCE examination.

	4 th Year MBBS Modules Assessment Plan					
Theory paper	Modules	Theory marks	Internal assessment theory (10%)	OSPE/OSPE	Internal assessment OSPE/OSPE (10%)	Total Marks
Paper J	Neurosciences-2	120	13	120	13	266
Paper K	GIT & Hepatobiliary-2	120	13	120	13	266
Paper L	Renal-2, Endocrine & Reproduction-2	120	14	120	13	267
Paper M	ENT and EYE	120	13	120	13	266
Research*				20	15	35
Total Marks		480	53	500	67	1100

^{*}Research viva of 20 marks will be conducted in paper-L. However, the rest of 15 marks will be decided by the concerned department internally for the contribution of the students in research project/thesis.

Assessment Blueprints

Table 5: Paper K (GIT & Hepatobiliary - II Module)

Subject	Total MCQs
Pharmacology	16
Pathology	41
Forensic medicine	16
Community medicine	18
PRIME	01
Medicine	11
Surgery	12
Pediatrics	03
Family medicine	02
Total	120

Table 6: OSPE/OSCE Distribution

Subject	Viva stations	OSPE/OSCE stations	Total
Pharmacology	2	2	4
Pathology	2	2	4
Forensic medicine	2	2	4
Community medicine	2	4	6
Medicine (GIT examination)	Х	1	1
Surgery (GIT/local	Х	1	1
examination)			
Total	8	12	20

^{*} A minimum of 20 stations will be used in final exams. Total marks will be 120 (6 marks for each station).